

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
(A JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY)

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2022

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
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FINANCIAL SECTION

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTSIndependent Auditors' Report

Governing Board
Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs
Chico, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements***Opinion***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs, a joint powers authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Authority's 2020-21 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 9, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, the claims development information and the reconciliation of claims liability, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of JPA contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2023 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Christy White, Inc". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

San Diego, California
February 23, 2023

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs (the BSSP) financial performance provides an overview of BSSP's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the BSSP's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Program revenues of \$62.7 million reflect an increase of \$2.7 million and (5%) over the prior year. Changes in medical plan enrollments offset 5% average rate increases to a total revenue increase of 4%. A continuing hardening of the property and liability excess and reinsurance insurance markets, as well as updated post-appraisal property values, resulted in a 10% (\$285,000) increase in total premium.
- Total program expenses (premiums, claims, claim adjustment, claim administration and risk management expenses) of \$63.6 million reflect a 4%) increase over the prior year. The cost of stop loss and reinsurance coverage for the property and liability program increased 6%; medical premiums 5% and Health and Wellness Center operational costs increased 10%.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Description of the Basic Financial Statements

BSSP financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and include amounts based upon estimates and judgments. The Statement of Net position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Net position, and the Statement of Cash Flows are included along with Notes to Financial Statements to clarify unique accounting policies and financial information.

The *Statement of Net Position* provides information on all BSSP program assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as Net position. Net position is an indicator of the overall pool financial changes across years. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing total revenues versus total expenses and the resulting effect on net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides a reconciliation of the change in cash and cash equivalents during the fiscal year. Claims development information is provided as supplementary information and reflects financial information separated by the specific program to which it relates. The assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses for all programs are reported on a full accrual basis. There were no significant accounting changes during the year.

Christy White has performed an independent financial audit of our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Their opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report. Aon Global Risk Consulting provides an independent actuarial review of the Property/Liability Programs, which confirms the adequacy and reasonableness of the liabilities recorded as outstanding claim reserves for those programs. Demsey, Filiger & Associates, LLC provides an independent actuarial review of the Dental and Vision programs which confirms the adequacy and reasonableness of the outstanding claims reserves for those programs.

Financial Management and Control

BSSP's executive director is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The executive director is responsible for all accounting functions of the JPA with certain processes contracted out to and performed by the Butte County Office of Education (BCOE).

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Below is a summary of the Statement of Net Position showing total assets and total liabilities.

	2022		2021		2020
Cash*	\$ 10,248,983	\$	13,982,998	\$	11,805,532
Other asset	71,377		167,106		127,311
Total Assets	10,320,360		14,150,104		11,932,843
Deferred outflow of resources	78,149		81,746		62,351
Claims payable, claims incurred but not reported and adjustment expenses on claims not reported	1,834,183		1,711,828		1,171,109
Other liabilities	967,319		3,902,887		1,267,223
Total Liabilities	2,801,502		5,614,715		2,438,332
Deferred inflow of resources	152,342		6,868		22,792
Unrestricted	7,421,157		8,574,854		9,493,764
Net investment in capital assets	23,508		35,413		40,306
Total Net Position	7,444,665		8,610,267		9,534,070
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 10,398,509	\$	14,231,850	\$	11,995,194

*Cash includes fair value adjustments of \$(340,933), \$85,297 and \$253,043 at June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Equal amounts of net position have been designated as a reserve against that adjustment.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Assets

Total assets decreased by \$3.8 million, due in large part to a reduction in deferred revenue associate within reinsurance recoveries not yet paid.

All but \$10,000 of BSSP's cash is invested with the Butte County Treasury in a pooled investment fund. These funds are invested in a manner that will protect principal, allow for cash flow needs and optimize returns, and are in conformity with all federal, state, and local statutes governing such investment of public funds.

The earnings rate for funds invested in the county treasury for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 was 0.8134% versus 0.809% and 1.53% for the quarters ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. This relatively low earnings rate has had a direct effect on program rates. When investments fall short of projections, additional funding may be required to meet actuarial estimates. Other assets include receivables for interest and leasehold improvements.

Liabilities

Liabilities at June 30, 2022, decreased by \$2.8 million, reflecting proceeds on reinsurance property claims on the North Complex Fire received but not yet distributed to impacted members.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

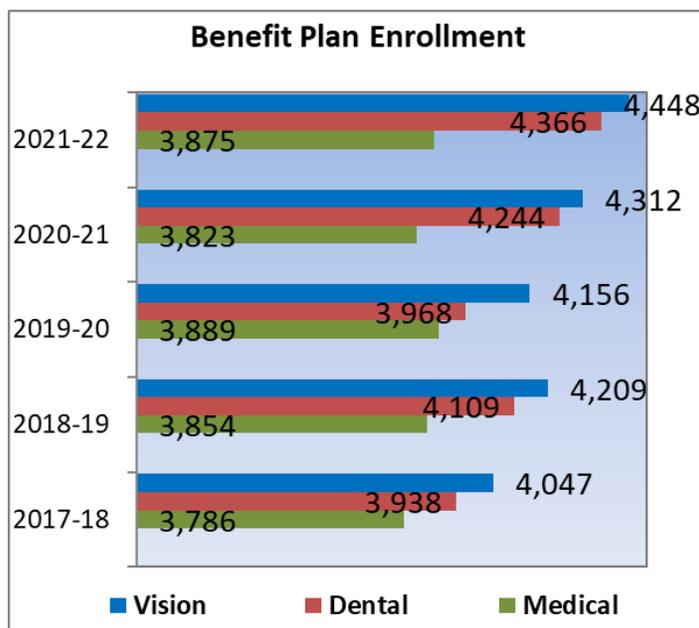
	2022	2021	Percent Change	2020	Percent Change
OPERATING REVENUE					
Member contributions and premiums	\$ 62,725,426	\$ 60,014,957	5%	\$ 58,070,641	3%
Total Operating Revenues	62,725,426	60,014,957	5%	58,070,641	3%
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Claims and insurance	63,264,557	60,596,687	4%	57,037,012	6%
General and administrative	288,145	287,749	0%	302,677	-5%
Total Operating Expense	63,552,702	60,884,436	4%	57,339,689	6%
Net Operating Income/(Loss)	(827,276)	(869,479)	-5%	730,952	-219%
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)					
Non-operating revenue, interest, and other	(338,326)	(54,324)	523%	374,600	-115%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,165,602)	(923,803)	26%	1,105,552	-184%
Net Position - Beginning	8,610,267	9,534,070	-10%	8,428,518	13%
Net Position - Ending	\$ 7,444,665	\$ 8,610,267	-14%	\$ 9,534,070	-10%

Revenues and Expenses

Contributions for the medical (fully-funded), dental (self-funded) and vision (self-funded) programs increased by \$2.5 million to \$59 million, due to increases in the underlying medical plan usage and the cost of patient care. Dental and vision rates remained unchanged due to excess net assets.

After declines in patient utilization due to the COVID-19 pandemic, dental and vision plan utilization led to increases of 9% in claims. Costs associated with the Health and Wellness Centers also increased 10%.

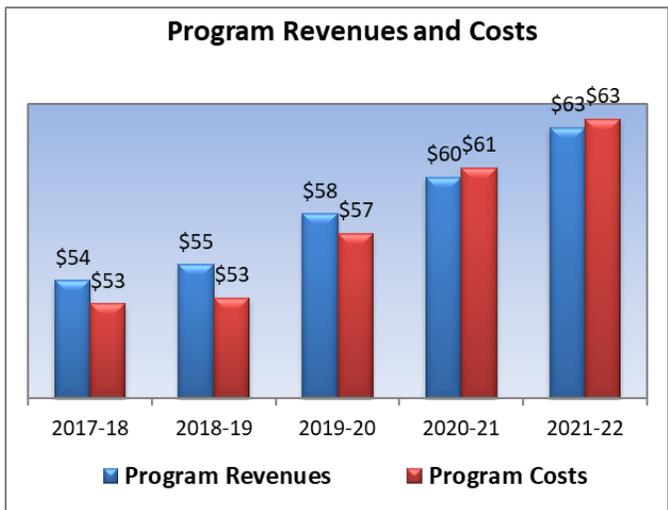
In the property and liability program, the multi-year national trend of catastrophic property losses and increasing sexual abuse and molestation cases continue to sustain a hard market. These difficult market conditions lead to a 10% increase in premiums and 6% increase in stop loss coverage.



**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

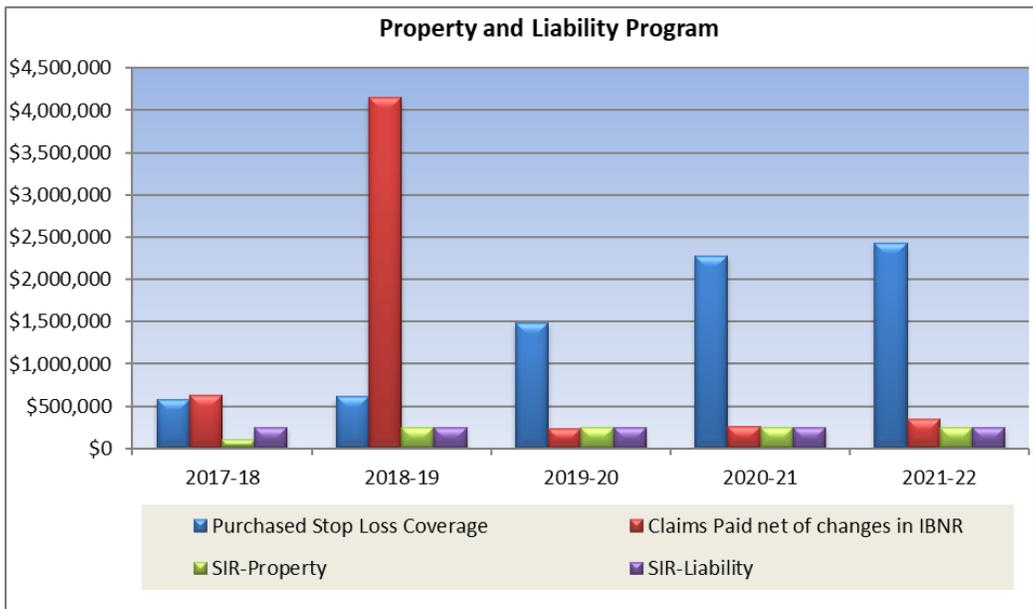
Revenues and Expenses (continued)



Insurance Expense

In the property and liability pool, BSSP maintains a self-insured retention limit of \$250,000 for each property or liability claim. BSSP participates with three other JPAs in the Bay Area Schools Insurance Cooperative (BASIC), an excess liability coverage pool with both self- and fully-insured layers. Along four other JPAs, BSSP is a member of Schools Program Alliance (SPA) to purchase excess property coverage beyond the BSSP self-insured layer. Through both BASIC and SPA, the BSSP property and liability program is supported in cost containment with the effective use of risk management and loss control programs.

In 2018-19, BSSP paid claims associated with the Camp Fire for cleaning of all member districts as well as claims of Golden Feather Union Elementary School District and Butte County Office of Education. Other claims of Paradise Unified School District (PUSD) are being paid directly to PUSD by the excess/reinsurance carrier.



**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

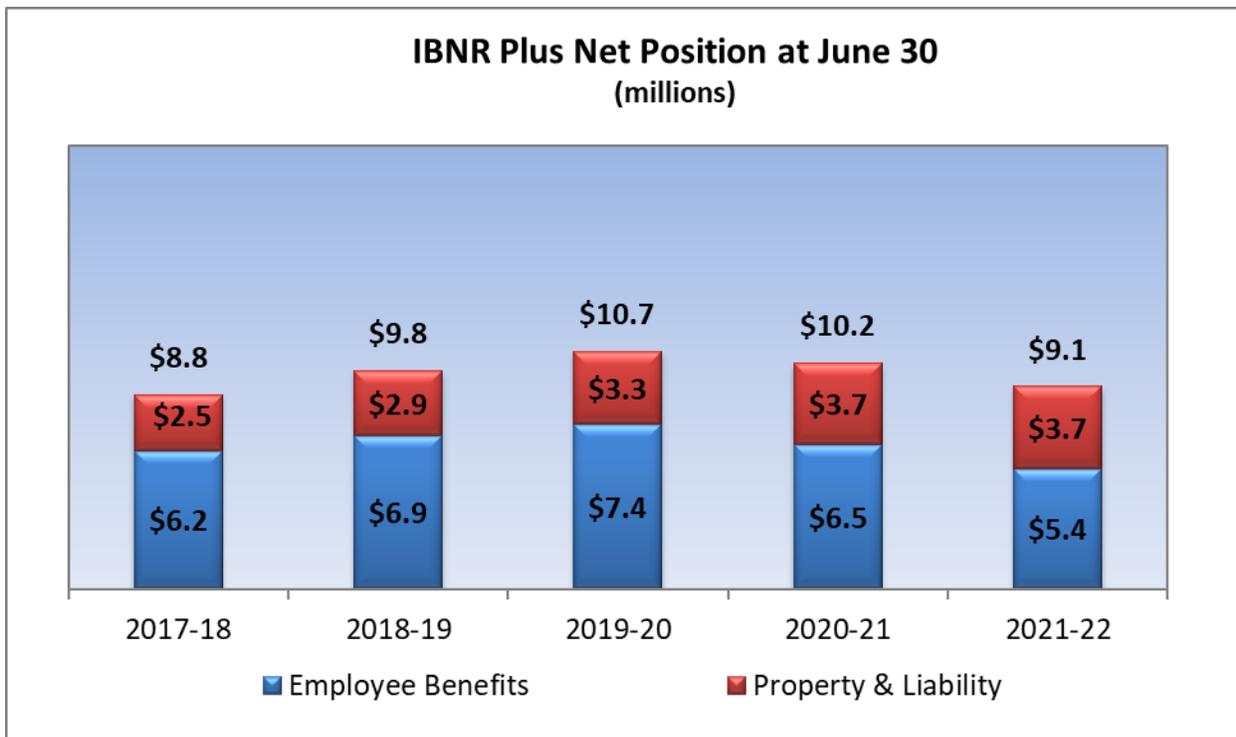
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Provision for Insured Events

BSSP contracts with DFA Actuaries for the actuarial review of self-insured dental and vision benefit programs in compliance with California Education Code 17566(e) and Bickmore Actuarial to provide annual actuarial valuation of the property and liability claims. These reports are used to project the liabilities for claims incurred but not reported and claim adjustments expenses in future years as well as evaluate the adequacy of funding levels for current and prior years.

The estimated liability for claims and expenses incurred by not reported at June 30, 2022, reflected minor changes in the estimates for both dental and vision claims; these adjustments trended along with the most recent claims experience within each program. Estimates for property and liability claims increased slightly with new claims experience.

To further augment the financial stability of BSSP, net position has been designated for a fluctuation margin, adverse claims margin, claims run out margin and stop-loss margin to absorb sharp increases in costs, claims activity, or investment shortfalls, and provide additional financial resources when unanticipated events impact future premiums and/or claims.



JPA Administration

JPA administration expenses continue to be below 1%, although increases in the contribution towards PERS and the PERS unfunded liability have increased total costs.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the basic financial statements is required supplementary information which provides further detail and reconciliation of claims liabilities by program. This required supplementary information may be used to evaluate the historical accuracy of projected claim expenses.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Budgetary Highlights

Each year the BSSP Board of Directors approves a budget and establishes rates and funding levels for all programs and service funds. The preliminary budget is adopted in May or June and updates may be made throughout the year. BSSP is not required to make mid-year budget adjustments.

Cost Containment

Effective July 1, 2018, BSSP’s medical benefit were purchased on a fully-funded basis from SISC, with additional costs of the Health and Wellness Centers funded through premium additions to the SISC premiums. SISC plans are managed with a high level of creative and innovative programs in order to provide broad and comprehensive coverage at the lowest cost to the membership. BSSP’s Health and Wellness Centers continue to provide members a free or low-cost alternative to care, which helps to reduce to medical plan costs. Safety inspections and audits are provided bi- or tri-annually within the property and liability program, with credits for safety mitigation efforts available in the off-inspection years.

Financial Management and Control

BSSP’s executive director is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The executive director is responsible for all accounting functions of the JPA with certain processes contracted out to and performed by the Butte County Office of Education (BCOE).

FACTS OR CONDITIONS EXPECTED TO HAVE A SIGNIFICANT EFFECT ON THE FINANCIAL POSITION OR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

- ✓ Medical costs, the underlying driver of contribution rates, continue to outpace employer contributions towards medical plans. This results in migration to lower-rate plans.
- ✓ Property rates per unit of total insured value continue to increase as a result of catastrophic wildfires and weather-related claims throughout the nation.
- ✓ Liability rates per ADA or gross wages also continue to increase as a result of an increase in reporting of claims and jury awards associated with sexual abuse and molestation. On October 13, 2020, California’s governed sign AB 281, which extends the statute of limitations for filing of claims associated with childhood sexual assault to the later of 22 years from the date of majority or within five years of the date of discovery. This has brought additional claims to the program’s primary layer as well as excess coverage programs.
- ✓ On September 8, 2020, two school sites covered through BSSP’s property program were destroyed in the Bear / North Complex Fire. This may have a significant impact on coverage in future years.
- ✓ Effective July 1, 2022, BSSP offered a workers compensation program in partnership with North Bay Schools Insurance Authority.
- ✓ Effective May 1, 2023, BSSP will operate its Health and Wellness Centers without a third-party contractor.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority’s finances and to show the Authority’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Business Office of Butte County Office of Education; the executive director is responsible for all accounting functions of the JPA with certain processes contracted out to and performed by the Butte County Office of Education (BCOE).

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 10,248,983	\$ 13,982,998
Accounts receivable	31,071	5,609
Prepaid expenses	16,798	126,084
Total Current Assets	10,296,852	14,114,691
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	23,508	35,413
Total Noncurrent Assets	23,508	35,413
Total Assets	10,320,360	14,150,104
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflow of resources - pension	78,149	81,746
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	384,817	364,316
Unearned revenue	342,878	3,132,046
Current portion of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses	1,834,183	1,711,828
Total Current Liabilities	2,561,878	5,208,190
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	168,755	331,648
OPEB	70,869	74,877
Total Liabilities	2,801,502	5,614,715
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflow of resources - pension	152,342	6,868
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	7,421,157	8,574,854
Net investment in capital assets	23,508	35,413
Total Net Position	7,444,665	8,610,267
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 10,398,509	\$ 14,231,850

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE
30, 2021)**

	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUE		
Member contributions		
Medical	\$ 52,528,957	\$ 50,268,083
Dental	5,568,670	5,390,621
Vision	943,769	916,007
Life	214,984	218,752
Disability	229,850	228,097
Other voluntary benefits	29,162	-
Property and liability	3,210,034	2,925,139
Other local income	-	68,258
Total Operating Revenues	62,725,426	60,014,957
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Premium, claims, claims adjustment, and other expense		
Medical	50,051,887	47,833,145
Dental	5,141,536	4,984,629
Vision	802,237	816,853
Life	215,075	218,550
Disability	228,620	227,871
Property and liability	343,838	259,768
Change in estimate of future dental, vision, property and liability claim costs	122,355	540,719
Health and Wellness Center	3,120,831	2,746,754
Claims administration fees	576,740	568,594
Consultant fees	30,000	30,000
Other expenses	8,306	45,811
Other professional fees	40,331	18,438
Stop-loss, excess and reinsurance coverage	2,451,166	2,280,016
Risk reduction	131,635	25,539
Salaries and benefits	288,145	287,749
Total Operating Expense	63,552,702	60,884,436
Net Operating Income/(Loss)	(827,276)	(869,479)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	87,964	113,422
Change in fair market value	(426,290)	(167,746)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(338,326)	(54,324)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,165,602)	(923,803)
Net Position - Beginning	8,610,267	9,534,070
Net Position - Ending	\$ 7,444,665	\$ 8,610,267

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE
30, 2021)**

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Member contributions received	\$ 59,910,796	\$ 62,949,661
Reinsurance paid	(2,451,166)	(2,280,016)
Medical insurance premiums paid	(50,051,887)	(47,833,145)
Dental insurance premiums paid	(5,141,536)	(4,984,629)
Vision insurance premiums paid	(802,237)	(816,853)
Life insurance premiums paid	(215,075)	(218,550)
Disability insurance premiums paid	(228,620)	(227,871)
Property and liability insurance premiums paid	(343,838)	(259,768)
Health and wellness center expenses paid	(3,120,831)	(2,746,754)
Payments to employees for services and change in benefits	(305,975)	(290,619)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(645,320)	(1,053,264)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(3,395,689)	2,238,192
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received	87,964	113,422
Change in fair value of cash in county treasury	(426,290)	(167,746)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(338,326)	(54,324)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	-	(6,402)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(6,402)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(3,734,015)	2,177,466
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year	13,982,998	11,805,532
End of year	\$ 10,248,983	\$ 13,982,998
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (827,276)	\$ (869,479)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation	11,905	11,295
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(25,462)	76,816
Prepaid expenses	109,286	(121,504)
Deferred outflows	3,597	(19,395)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	20,501	(254,673)
Unearned revenue	(2,789,168)	2,857,888
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses	122,355	540,719
Deferred inflows	145,474	(15,924)
OPEB liability	(4,008)	9,701
Net pension liability	(162,893)	22,748
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (3,395,689)	\$ 2,238,192

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs (the “Authority”) utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting policies of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The Authority was established by a joint powers agreement in October 1982. In accordance with the provisions of Title I, Division 7, Chapter 5, Article 1, of the California Government Code, all public educational agencies in California are eligible to participate as members (the Group). The Authority’s general objectives, on behalf of the Group, are to formulate, develop, and administer a program to pool employee medical benefits, property and general liability risks, and resources in order to self-fund or purchase related commercial insurance products on a collective basis.

Agencies, having completed three consecutive years of membership in the Authority, may withdraw by notifying the Board of Directors of the Authority in writing prior to January 31 of that fiscal year. Agencies applying for membership in the group may do so on approval of a weighted two-thirds vote of the Board of Directors. Group rate-setting policies are established following consultation with actuaries. Members are subject to supplemental assessments in the event of premium deficiencies. Agencies choosing to withdraw from the group continue to be subject to liabilities related to their pending claims.

The Board has contracted with a third-party administrator, Delta Dental (dental), and VSP (vision), to pay claims on behalf of participating members. The Board has contracted with Knak & Company, a third-party administrator, to pay property and liability claims. Membership consists of 13 school districts, the Butte County Office of Education, Butte-Glenn Community College District, and the Authority.

In January 2014, the Authority opened the Health and Wellness Center to provide an urgent, primary, and preventative care clinic as part of the medical program exclusively serving the members of the Authority at a reduced cost to both members and to the Authority.

B. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Proprietary Financial Statements

The Authority utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989, FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis using the economic resources measurement focus.

The Authority also applies GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These statements establish standards for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position for all state and local governments.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Operating Revenues and Expenses. The Authority's statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with providing program services, the Authority's principal activity. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide program services, including premiums, claims and claim adjustments expenses, reinsurance costs and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Accounts Receivable

Receivables consist of amounts due from members which were not received by the Authority at year end. The management of the Authority reviews the collectability of the accounts receivable periodically and believes that all amounts are collectible.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Capital Assets

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which range from 3 to 8 years. The Authority's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Authority will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Authority will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Accounts Payable

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the Authority prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Authority has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The Authority establishes unpaid claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustments expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Authority utilizes lag reports and periodic actuarial studies to estimate both reported and unreported liabilities. Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrine of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, other economic and social factors, and estimated payment dates. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed on both historical data that reflects past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources/deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from CalPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Period	July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Reinsurance

The Authority uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on claims. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Authority as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The Authority does not report reinsured risks as liabilities unless it is probable that insurers will not recover those risks. Premiums ceded to reinsurers during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to \$2,280,016 and \$1,486,842, respectively. The reinsurance level as of June 30, 2021, was \$250,000 per occurrence for property and liability claims.

E. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Income Tax

The Authority is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and California franchise taxes. Accordingly, no provision of federal or state income taxes has been made to the accompanying financial statements.

G. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Authority has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Authority has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The Authority has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Authority has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
 JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 99 – In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management’s Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The Authority has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The Authority has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The Authority has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Fiscal Year Ended	
	2022	2021
Cash and investments		
Cash in county treasury	\$ 10,238,983	\$ 13,972,998
Cash in hand and in banks	10,000	10,000
Total cash and investments	\$ 10,248,983	\$ 13,982,998

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Policies and Practices

The Authority is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The Authority maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section 41001*. The Butte County Treasurer’s pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County’s investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the Authority’s investment in the pool is based upon the Authority’s pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest Authority funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker’s Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

D. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Authority manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of the net increase in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year may have been recognized as an increase or decrease in the fair value of investments reported in the prior year. The net change in the fair value of investments during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$(426,290) and \$(167,746), respectively. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including purchases and sales) that occurred during the year.

F. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the Authority's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The Authority categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the Authority's own data. The Authority should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the Authority are not available to other market participants.

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

G. Fair Value (continued)

Uncategorized - Investments in the Butte County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the Authority's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share. The uncategorized fair value of investments during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$10,238,983 and \$13,972,988 respectively.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, property and equipment consisted of leasehold improvements of \$233,479 and \$233,479 respectively. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$209,971 and \$198,066, respectively. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$11,905 and \$11,295, respectively.

	Balance				Balance
	July 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions		June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets being depreciated					
Leasehold improvements	\$ 233,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 233,479
Total capital assets being depreciated	233,479	-	-	-	233,479
Less accumulated depreciation					
Leasehold improvements	198,066	11,905	-	-	209,971
Total accumulated depreciation	198,066	11,905	-	-	209,971
Governmental Activities Capital					
Assets, net	\$ 35,413	\$ (11,905)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,508

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 4 – UNPAID CLAIMS LIABILITIES

As discussed in Note 1, the Authority has established a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are presented at their current value, which is not discounted as claims reserves include an average of less than two months' claims.

	Fiscal Year Ended	
	2022	2021
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 1,711,828	\$ 1,711,828
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:		
Provision for covered events of the current year	7,078,193	7,159,942
Change in provision for covered events of prior years	(122,355)	(540,719)
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 6,955,838	\$ 6,619,223
Payments:		
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to covered events of the current year	5,915,562	6,366,965
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to covered events of prior years	917,921	(288,461)
Total payments	6,833,483	6,078,504
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of year	\$ 1,834,183	\$ 1,711,828

The components of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses by type of contract were as follows:

	2022	2021
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of year		
Dental	\$ 284,911	\$ 278,917
Vision	54,272	53,981
Property and liability	1,495,000	1,378,930
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of year	\$ 1,834,183	\$ 1,711,828
Less current portion	(1,834,183)	(1,711,828)
Noncurrent portion	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE 5 – UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Board of Directors has designated the Authority's unrestricted net position for future changes in estimates as follows:

	Employee Benefits	Property & Liability	Total 2022	Total 2021
Fluctuation margin	\$ 33,918	\$ 149,500	\$ 183,418	\$ 171,183
Stop-loss margin	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Adverse claims margin	159,646	17,192	176,838	159,620
Reserve for HWC and admin	1,081,363	-	1,081,363	1,132,060
Rate stabilization	3,932,197	1,047,341	4,979,538	6,111,991
Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 5,207,124	\$ 2,214,033	\$ 7,421,157	\$ 8,574,854

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of The employees of the Authority participate in the Miscellaneous Plan (the Plan) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, an agency of the State of California. Benefit provisions are established by state statute, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees’ Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CAFR may be obtained from CalPERS, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California, 95811, and at www.calpers.ca.gov. The Authority reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

<u>2022</u>	<u>Net pension liability</u>	<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u>	<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u>	<u>Pension expense</u>
PERS Pension	\$ 168,755	\$ 78,149	\$ 152,342	\$ 41,592
Total	\$ 168,755	\$ 78,149	\$ 152,342	\$ 41,592

<u>2021</u>	<u>Net pension liability</u>	<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u>	<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u>	<u>Pension expense</u>
PERS Pension	\$ 331,648	\$ 81,746	\$ 6,868	\$ (59,902)
Total	\$ 331,648	\$ 81,746	\$ 6,868	\$ (59,902)

California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The Authority contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members’ years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member’s contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Contributions (continued)

The Authority is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 and 2021 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the Authority were \$48,049 and \$44,659 for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported a liability of \$168,755 and \$331,648 respectively. for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The Authority’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Authority’s proportion was 0.007 percent and 0.007 percent, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$41,592 and \$35,478 respectively. At June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2020, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$ 147,314
Differences between expected and actual experience	18,924	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,811	5,028
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	55,414	-
	\$ 78,149	\$ 152,342
2021	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 9,851	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	17,091	-
Changes in assumptions	-	2,365
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	6,755	4,503
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	48,049	-
	\$ 81,746	\$ 6,868

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$55,414 and \$48,049 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources</u>
2021	\$ (25,941)
2022	(29,370)
2023	(33,586)
2024	(40,710)
	<u>\$ (129,607)</u>

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources</u>
2021	\$ 18,518
2022	(4,034)
2023	3,748
2024	1,092
	<u>\$ 19,324</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS’ membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
 JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds’ asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

*An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

**An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS’ website.

Sensitivity of the Authority’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the Authority’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 6 – PENSION PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Authority’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

2022	1% Decrease (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 360,388	\$ 168,755	\$ 10,334
2021	1% Decrease (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 514,696	\$ 286,745	\$ 180,402

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of; damage to; and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The authority is a member of two joint power authorities (JPAs), Bay Area Schools Insurance Cooperative (BASIC) and North Valley Schools Insurance Group (NVSIG). The JPAs arrange and provide for liability and property damage and workers’ compensation coverage for their members.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Authority provides postemployment health care benefits to qualifying employees through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Authority. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The plan provides eligible retirees and dependents with medical, dental and vision benefits through age 65. The current executive director becomes eligible for benefits after 13 years of service and the age of 55. Benefits are capped at the family rate for the lowest non-Medicare retiree plan available on the date of retirement and will continue through age 65. The senior benefits and administrative assistant is eligible for a \$971 monthly benefit through age 65 after 20 years of service and age 55. The monthly contribution is reduced to 75% with only 15 years of service and to 50% with only 12 years of service. A separate financial report is not prepared for the plan.

As of the June 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuations, there were no retirees and two active employees covered by the benefit terms under the plan.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
 JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established by agreement with the applicable employees and may be amended by agreements between the Authority and the employees. There are currently no retirees eligible to receive benefits.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	<u>Number of participants</u>
Inactive employees receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	<u>2</u>
Total number of participants**	<u>2</u>

*Information not provided

**As of the June 30, 2022 valuation date

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Authority’s total OPEB liability of \$70,869 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that same date.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

Economic assumptions:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	3.69%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Pre-retirement Mortality: Preretirement Mortality Rates from CalPERS Experience Study (2000-2019).

Postretirement Mortality: Post-retirement Mortality Rates for Healthy Recipients from CalPERS Experience Study (2000-2019).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. Discount rate that reflects the following: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments – to the extent that the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be enough to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return; A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher – to the extent that the conditions are not met.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)**

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the plan are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 6,765
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,568
Difference between expected and actual experience	(7,384)
Changes of assumptions	<u>(4,967)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,018)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>74,887</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 70,869</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 225,101
Authority's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.48%

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ending June 30, 2022.

	Valuation Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 74,071	\$ 70,869	\$ 67,796

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Authority if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ending June 30, 2022:

	Valuation Trend		
	1% Decrease*	Rate**	1% Increase***
Total OPEB liability	\$ 67,930	\$ 70,869	\$ 74,006

*3.00% for 2022-2023, 4.20% for 2024-2069, and 3.00% for 2070 and later years

**4.00% for 2022-2023, 5.20% for 2024-2069, and 4.00% for 2070 and later years

***5.00% for 2022-2023, 6.20% for 2024-2069, and 5.00% for 2070 and later years

BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$7,242. At June 30, 2022, the Authority did not report any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as they were not material.

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the Authority recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 6. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$78,149 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$152,342. At June 30, 2021, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$81,746 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$6,868.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 6,765	\$ 6,115	\$ 5,525	\$ 5,561	\$ 5,561
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,568	1,747	1,999	1,791	1,791
Difference between expected and actual experience	(7,384)	-	(1,875)	1,517	(19,624)
Changes of assumptions	(4,967)	1,849	1,187	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,018)	9,711	6,836	8,869	(12,272)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	74,887	65,176	58,340	49,471	61,743
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 70,869</u>	<u>\$ 74,887</u>	<u>\$ 65,176</u>	<u>\$ 58,340</u>	<u>\$ 49,471</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 225,101	\$ 217,292	\$ 205,646	\$ 205,646	\$ 199,317
Authority's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.48%	34.46%	31.69%	28.37%	24.82%

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
 SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.007%	0.007%	0.007%	0.007%	0.008%	0.007%	0.007%	0.003%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 168,755	\$ 331,648	\$ 308,900	\$ 286,745	\$ 298,438	\$ 259,993	\$ 201,554	\$ 198,452
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 225,101	\$ 217,293	\$ 206,727	\$ 205,646	\$ 199,317	\$ 195,700	\$ 182,799	\$ 169,640
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	75.0%	152.6%	149.4%	139.4%	149.7%	132.9%	110.3%	117.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.0%	70.0%	70.0%	77.7%	75.4%	75.9%	82.3%	79.9%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
SCHEDULE OF AUTHORITY CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 48,049	\$ 44,659	\$ 26,058	\$ 18,965	\$ 17,551	\$ 17,014	\$ 15,892	\$ 25,480
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(48,049)	(44,659)	(26,058)	(18,965)	(17,551)	(17,014)	(15,892)	(25,480)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>							
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 225,101	\$ 217,293	\$ 206,727	\$ 205,646	\$ 199,317	\$ 195,700	\$ 182,799	\$ 169,640
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.35%	20.55%	12.61%	9.22%	8.81%	8.69%	8.69%	15.02%

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 1.92% to 3.69%.

Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the Authority's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the Authority's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the Authority's covered payroll, the Authority's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalPERS.

Schedule of Authority Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the Authority's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the difference between the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the Authority's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the Authority's covered payroll.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	Dental	Vision	Property and Liability	2022 Total
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of fiscal year	\$278,917	\$53,981	\$1,378,930	\$1,711,828
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:				
Provision for covered events of the current year	5,541,760	920,103	616,330	7,078,193
Change in provision for covered events of prior years	(5,994)	(291)	(116,070)	(122,355)
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	5,535,766	919,812	500,260	6,955,838
Payments:				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year	4,876,670	787,346	251,546	5,915,562
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the prior years	653,102	132,175	132,644	917,921
Total Payments:	5,529,772	919,521	384,190	6,833,483
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of year	\$ 284,911	\$ 54,272	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 1,834,183

	Dental	Vision	Property and Liability	2021 Total
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of fiscal year	\$236,884	\$47,090	\$887,135	\$1,171,109
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:				
Provision for covered events of the current year	5,406,390	1,000,121	753,431	7,159,942
Change in provision for covered events of prior years	(42,033)	(6,891)	(491,795)	(540,719)
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	5,364,357	993,230	261,636	6,619,223
Payments:				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year	5,364,357	921,282	81,326	6,366,965
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the prior years	(42,033)	65,057	(311,485)	(288,461)
Total Payments:	5,322,324	986,339	(230,159)	6,078,504
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, end of year	\$ 278,917	\$ 53,981	\$ 1,378,930	\$ 1,711,828

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

The following tables illustrate how the Authority's earned revenues (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the Authority as of the end of each of the past ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

1. The total of each fiscal year's gross earned contribution revenue and investment revenue, contribution revenue ceded to reinsurers, and net earned contribution revenue and reported investment revenue.
2. This line shows the amount of reported unallocated claim adjustment expenses and reported other costs.
3. Gross incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
4. The cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
5. The latest reestimated amount of losses assumed by reinsurers for each policy year.
6. Policy year's net incurred claims increase or decrease as of the end of successive years. This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.
7. Compares the latest reestimated net incurred claims amount (section 6) to the amount originally established (section 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost are greater or less than originally thought. As data for individually policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT
MEDICAL PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	For Policy Years Ended June 30,					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1 Required contribution and investment revenue						
Earned	\$ 42,468,706	\$ 42,960,867	\$ 44,592,628	\$ 45,402,707	\$ 47,371,410	\$ 48,321,008
Ceded	(1,475,296)	(1,448,136)	(1,131,659)	(1,028,402)	(1,139,229)	(1,278,816)
Investment income	109,661	(50,066)	25,352	104,799	163,641	33,488
Net earned	\$ 41,103,071	\$ 41,462,665	\$ 43,486,321	\$ 44,479,104	\$ 46,395,822	\$ 47,075,680
2 Unallocated expenses	\$ 469,446	\$ 481,982	\$ 1,031,900	\$ 2,542,721	\$ 2,442,627	\$ 2,237,035
3 Estimated losses and expenses, end of fiscal year:						
Incurred	\$ 45,176,028	\$ 42,708,174	\$ 45,129,882	\$ 46,569,411	\$ 52,398,616	\$ 45,533,411
Ceded	(2,100,905)	(2,140,136)	(158,099)	(2,183,573)	(2,553,352)	(1,397,879)
Net incurred	\$ 43,075,123	\$ 40,568,038	\$ 44,971,783	\$ 44,385,838	\$ 49,845,264	\$ 44,135,532
4 Net paid (cumulative) as of:						
End of fiscal year	\$ 38,184,804	\$ 35,884,473	\$ 40,363,656	\$ 39,484,031	\$ 44,354,785	\$ 38,807,477
One year later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ 43,482,933
Two years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ 43,535,721
Three years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5 Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$ (2,100,905)	\$ (2,140,136)	\$ (158,099)	\$ (2,183,573)	\$ (2,553,352)	\$ (1,397,879)
6 Reestimated net incurred losses and expenses:						
End of fiscal year	\$ 43,075,123	\$ 40,568,038	\$ 44,971,783	\$ 44,385,838	\$ 49,845,264	\$ 44,135,532
One year later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ 43,482,933
Two years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ 43,535,721
Three years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ 48,117,843	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ 43,124,369	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ 43,899,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ 37,916,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 42,746,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7 Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred losses and expenses from end of fiscal year	\$ (328,759)	\$ (2,651,561)	\$ (1,071,996)	\$ (1,261,469)	\$ (1,727,421)	\$ (599,811)

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT
DENTAL PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	For Policy Years Ended June 30,									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1 Required contribution and investment revenue										
Earned	\$ 5,580,508	\$ 5,368,435	\$ 5,608,152	\$ 5,468,017	\$ 5,283,661	\$ 5,304,183	\$ 5,542,500	\$ 5,398,229	\$ 5,390,621	\$ 5,568,670
Ceded	52	167,766	21,269	18,889	3,662	4,555	36,703	91,325	(26,267)	(110,907)
Net earned	\$ 5,580,560	\$ 5,536,201	\$ 5,629,421	\$ 5,486,906	\$ 5,287,323	\$ 5,308,738	\$ 5,579,203	\$ 5,489,554	\$ 5,364,354	\$ 5,457,763
2 Unallocated expenses	\$ 62,608	\$ 124,229	\$ 314,077	\$ 281,949	\$ 244,609	\$ 234,212	\$ 263,652	\$ 331,880	\$ 379,728	\$ 50,017
3 Estimated losses and expenses, end of fiscal year:										
Incurred	\$ 5,403,137	\$ 5,515,114	\$ 5,540,577	\$ 5,651,689	\$ 5,224,211	\$ 5,165,527	\$ 5,361,332	\$ 4,223,888	\$ 4,984,629	\$ 5,485,749
Net incurred	\$ 5,403,137	\$ 5,515,114	\$ 5,540,577	\$ 5,651,689	\$ 5,224,211	\$ 5,165,527	\$ 5,361,332	\$ 4,223,888	\$ 4,984,629	\$ 5,485,749
4 Net paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 4,956,688	\$ 5,067,421	\$ 5,089,619	\$ 5,197,277	\$ 4,797,990	\$ 4,738,987	\$ 4,929,566	\$ 4,457,863	\$ 4,733,420	\$ 4,733,240
One year later	\$ 5,226,892	\$ 5,317,251	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,401,858	\$ 5,040,313	\$ 4,965,973	\$ 5,163,296	\$ 4,708,055	\$ 5,035,298	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,317,420	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ 5,164,313	\$ 4,708,055	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,317,420	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ 5,164,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5 Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6 Reestimated net incurred losses and expenses:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 5,403,137	\$ 5,515,114	\$ 5,540,577	\$ 5,651,689	\$ 5,224,211	\$ 5,165,527	\$ 5,361,332	\$ 4,223,888	\$ 4,984,629	\$ 5,485,749
One year later	\$ 5,226,892	\$ 5,317,251	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,401,858	\$ 5,040,313	\$ 4,965,973	\$ 5,163,296	\$ 5,035,298	\$ 5,286,507	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,317,420	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ 5,164,413	\$ 5,035,298	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,317,420	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ 5,164,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ 4,966,218	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ 5,040,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ 5,400,270	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ 5,407,734	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ 5,316,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 5,229,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7 Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred losses and expenses from end of fiscal year	\$ (173,925)	\$ (198,789)	\$ (132,843)	\$ (251,419)	\$ (183,783)	\$ (199,309)	\$ (196,919)	\$ (811,410)	\$ (301,878)	\$ -

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT
VISION PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	For Policy Years Ended June 30,									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1 Required contribution and investment revenue										
Earned	\$ 761,560	\$ 656,762	\$ 658,111	\$ 610,976	\$ 583,003	\$ 856,943	\$ 885,617	\$ 901,993	\$ 916,007	\$ 943,769
Investment income	2,078	28,053	7,769	2,111	404	730	5,865	9,042	6,996	5,268
Net earned	\$ 763,638	\$ 684,815	\$ 665,880	\$ 613,087	\$ 583,407	\$ 857,673	\$ 891,482	\$ 911,035	\$ 923,003	\$ 949,037
2 Unallocated expenses	\$ 8,544	\$ 15,198	\$ 36,857	\$ 31,504	\$ 26,990	\$ 37,539	\$ 42,128	\$ 110,891	\$ 112,584	\$ 19,740
3 Estimated losses and expenses, end of fiscal year:										
Incurred	\$ 738,029	\$ 660,729	\$ 572,851	\$ 572,225	\$ 565,405	\$ 768,176	\$ 836,112	\$ 691,835	\$ 816,853	\$ 900,072
Ceded	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net incurred	\$ 738,029	\$ 660,729	\$ 572,851	\$ 572,225	\$ 565,405	\$ 768,176	\$ 836,112	\$ 691,835	\$ 816,853	\$ 900,072
4 Net paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 677,350	\$ 605,788	\$ 535,495	\$ 535,480	\$ 531,504	\$ 729,026	\$ 729,026	\$ 729,401	\$ 778,990	\$ 778,990
One year later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,672	\$ 766,859	\$ 767,278	\$ 810,778	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,340	\$ 766,845	\$ 767,278	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,340	\$ 766,845	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 619,918	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 706,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5 Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6 Reestimated net incurred losses and expenses:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 738,029	\$ 660,729	\$ 572,851	\$ 572,225	\$ 565,405	\$ 768,176	\$ 836,112	\$ 691,835	\$ 816,853	\$ 900,072
One year later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,672	\$ 766,859	\$ 729,712	\$ 848,641	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,672	\$ 766,845	\$ 729,712	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,672	\$ 766,845	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ 757,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ 533,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 618,918	\$ 565,154	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ 619,918	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 706,996	\$ 694,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 706,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7 Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred losses and expenses from end of fiscal year	\$ (31,033)	\$ 33,450	\$ 46,067	\$ (7,071)	\$ (31,599)	\$ (10,504)	\$ (69,267)	\$ 37,877	\$ 31,788	\$ -

**BUTTE SCHOOLS SELF-FUNDED PROGRAMS
RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT
PROPERTY AND LIABILITY PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1 Required contribution and investment revenue										
Earned	\$ 786,327	\$ 881,514	\$ 939,680	\$ 1,024,516	\$ 1,054,742	\$ 1,197,962	\$ 1,270,609	\$ 2,266,603	\$ 2,925,139	\$ 3,210,034
Ceded	(434,982)	(432,946)	(457,788)	(441,807)	(517,051)	(581,551)	(611,125)	1,486,842	(2,280,016)	(2,451,166)
Investment income	(2,183)	5,203	20,241	3,539	731	1,029	8,414	129,262	(4,058)	(152,969)
Net earned	\$ 349,162	\$ 453,771	\$ 502,133	\$ 586,248	\$ 538,422	\$ 617,440	\$ 667,898	\$ 3,882,707	\$ 641,065	\$ 605,899
2 Unallocated expenses	\$ 8,822	\$ 20,399	\$ 52,626	\$ 52,827	\$ 48,830	\$ 52,897	\$ 60,442	\$ 201,137	\$ 59,790	\$ 60,899
3 Estimated losses and expenses, end of fiscal year:										
Incurred	\$ 935,234	\$ 986,211	\$ 1,176,593	\$ 917,870	\$ 1,583,409	\$ 1,896,316	\$ 9,465,612	\$ 3,142,438	\$ 259,768	\$ 343,838
Ceded				(347,193)	(374,445)	(374,492)	(4,242,441)	(2,802,509)	-	-
Net incurred	\$ 935,234	\$ 986,211	\$ 1,176,593	\$ 570,677	\$ 1,208,964	\$ 1,521,824	\$ 5,223,171	\$ 339,929	\$ 259,768	\$ 343,838
4 Net paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 245,831	\$ 31,228	\$ 192,108	\$ 81,538	\$ 296,375	\$ 564,535	\$ 4,399,013	\$ 155,800	\$ 80,745	\$ 172,892
One year later	\$ 442,254	\$ 161,030	\$ 199,383	\$ 109,189	\$ 410,989	\$ 567,391	\$ 4,438,298	\$ 281,576	\$ 8,341,900	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 109,189	\$ 410,989	\$ 1,567,445	\$ 4,436,453	\$ 281,576	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 109,189	\$ 411,672	\$ 1,567,445	\$ 4,436,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 2,025,805	\$ 454,810	\$ 1,567,445	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 2,025,805	\$ 454,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 530,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5 Estimated ceded losses and expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (347,193)	\$ (374,445)	\$ (374,492)	\$ (4,242,441)	\$ (2,802,509)	\$ -	\$ -
6 Estimated net incurred losses and expenses:										
End of fiscal year	\$ 935,234	\$ 986,211	\$ 1,176,593	\$ 570,677	\$ 1,208,964	\$ 1,521,824	\$ 5,223,171	\$ 399,929	\$ 259,768	\$ 343,838
One year later	\$ 442,254	\$ 161,030	\$ 199,383	\$ 109,189	\$ 410,989	\$ 567,391	\$ 4,438,298	\$ 525,705	\$ 8,601,668	\$ -
Two years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 109,189	\$ 601,550	\$ 1,567,445	\$ 4,438,298	\$ 525,705	\$ -	\$ -
Three years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 109,189	\$ 441,672	\$ 1,565,600	\$ 4,438,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Four years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 2,025,805	\$ 454,810	\$ 1,565,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Five years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 2,025,805	\$ 454,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Six years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ 2,025,805	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Seven years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ 199,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eight years later	\$ 530,997	\$ 175,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nine years later	\$ 530,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
7 Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred losses and expenses from end of fiscal year	\$ (404,237)	\$ (811,181)	\$ (976,921)	\$ 1,455,128	\$ (754,154)	\$ 43,776	\$ (784,873)	\$ 185,776	\$ 8,341,900	\$ -

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board
Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs
Chico, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Butte Schools Self-Funded Programs' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Christy White, Inc". The signature is written in a cursive style.

San Diego, California
February 23, 2022